

#### Core Member Organizations

- Aging and Disability
   Professionals Association
   of Wisconsin (ADPAW)
- Alzheimer's Association
   Wisconsin Chapter
- Board on Aging and Long Term Care (BOALTC
- Wisconsin Adult Day Services Association (WADSA)
- Wisconsin Association of Area Agencies on Aging (W4A)
- Wisconsin Association of Benefit Specialists (WABS)
- Wisconsin Association of Nutrition Directors (WAND)
- Wisconsin Association of Senior Centers (WASC)
- Wisconsin Family and Caregiver Support Alliance (WFACSA)
- Wisconsin Institute for Healthy Aging (WIHA)
- Wisconsin Senior Advocates
- Wisconsin Senior Corps Association (WISCA)
- Wisconsin Tribal Aging Unit Association

The Wisconsin Aging Advocacy Network (WAAN) works with and for all older adults by educating community members and policy makers on priority issues while advocating for meaningful change.

### Agenda

10:00 a.m. — 3:00 p.m.



9:00 a.m.	Event Check-in: Best Western Premier Park Hotel 22 S. Carroll St., Madison, WI 53703 *Light morning refreshments will be available.				
10:00 a.m.	<ul> <li>Advocate training</li> <li>Welcome/Housekeeping</li> <li>Briefing on WAAN's state priority issues</li> <li>Tips for effective communication with your state legislators</li> <li>Overview of materials</li> <li>Announcements</li> </ul>				
11:00 a.m.	Planning time with others from your Senate district				
11:30 a.m.	Lunch and planning time with others from your Assembly district				
12:15 p.m.	Walk to the State Capitol (across the street)				
12:30 p.m.	Group photo at the State Capitol (inside - in the rotunda)				
1:00 - 2:45 p.m.	Legislative Visits (Senate visits will be scheduled between 1 - 1:45 p.m. & Assembly Representatives between 2 - 2:45 p.m., if possible)				
2:15 - 3:00 p.m.	<ul> <li>Check-Out and Debriefing (State Capitol, North Hearing Room—2nd Floor, North wing)</li> <li>Turn in your Advocacy Day legislative feedback sheets (yellow) and AAD evaluations (green).</li> <li>Check out the resources and activities.</li> <li>Have a snack!</li> <li>Visit with other aging advocates from around the state.</li> </ul>				

Direct your questions to: Janet Zander, GWAAR - janet.zander@gwaar.org or 608-228-7253.



### **Key Issues for Wisconsin Aging Advocates**

### 2025-2027 State Budget

The Wisconsin 2025-2027 Biennial Budget will significantly impact older adults and family caregivers. The Wisconsin Aging Advocacy Network (WAAN) advocates for the following key investments which support older adults to improve their health and well-being, live with maximum independence and dignity, and reduce health and long-term care costs.

#### **Our Requests:**

1. Aging & Disability Resource Centers (ADRCs) - Increase funding to ADRCs by \$19.9 million in the 2025-27 biennial state budget to address funding inequities between ADRCs and increasing service needs resulting from a growing aging population.

Wisconsin's statewide network of ADRCs provides information about critical, cost-saving services and programs related to aging or living with a disability. A robust and well-funded ADRC network will help Wisconsin residents navigate their unique challenges with confidence and dignity. Increased funding will enable every ADRC to offer reliable and comprehensive support, allowing individuals to age in



place, delay entry into long-term care and improve their overall quality of life.

ADRCs serve the fastest growing demographic of our state's population. Nearly one-quarter of Wisconsin's population is aged 60 or older. ADRCs have over 500,000 contacts each year with individuals, families, and professionals seeking guidance and support. A person interacts with an ADRC in Wisconsin every 60 seconds. By reducing hospital readmissions and emergency department visits, ADRCs save individuals, families and taxpayers \$3.88 for every \$1 invested in Wisconsin's ADRCs

2. Direct Care Workforce Supports – To support the training, recruitment and retention of direct care professionals (DCP) – a) Increase the Medicaid Personal Care rate, b) Create and fund a state certification process for in-home caregiver training, c) Support higher Medicaid rates for home and community-based services (HCBS), and d) Create an earned income disregard program for DCPs applying for public benefits.

Direct care professionals (DCPs) provide essential assistance – dressing, bathing, eating, meal preparation, housekeeping, basic medical tasks - to older people and people living with disabilities. Low wages, limited benefits, low insurance reimbursement rates, and the high-cost childcare, transportation, and housing are making it difficult for agencies to recruit and retain DCPs. Unfilled positions are causing agencies to turn away customers in need of service.

The direct care workforce shortage results in a lack of essential services, increased pressure on family caregivers, challenges for long-term care providers, and puts many older people and people with disabilities at risk of hospitalization and more expensive residential care.





3. Safeguard Meals on Wheels/Home-Delivered Meals – To meet the need across Wisconsin, an increase of \$12.6/million in each year of the budget is needed. Home-delivered meals (HDMs), often referred to as Meals on Wheels (MOWs), are an economical and proven way to support Wisconsinites as we age.

Home-delivered meals (HDMs) are more than food, they are vital services that sustain lives and independence by providing nutritious foods, safety checks, socialization, and connections to services. HDMs address isolation, hunger, and malnutrition among older people. A 2023 survey revealed for nearly 70% of the 34,000 people served, this meal was their main source of food and nutrition each day.

Wisconsin's home-delivered meal programs are challenged by unprecedented levels of need, increased expenses driven by inflation and a lack of resources, federal funding cuts, and the expiration of COVID funding and flexibilities. One year of HDM and the services that accompany the meals roughly equate to the same cost of one day in the hospital or 10 days in a nursing home. This funding increase would enable Wisconsin's Older Americans Act (OAA) HDM programs to meet the need in their communities and avoid or eliminate the need to establish waiting lists for the program, restrict or limit services in part of their service area, or have areas without service at all.

#### 4. Reducing Falls Among Older Adults - To reduce the high rate of deadly fall among older adults, we request a \$450,000 annual state budget appropriation to support the Falls Free Wisconsin Center.

Nationally, more than one in four older adults experience a fall each year, but Wisconsin has the nation's highest rate of deadly falls among older adults. From 2021-2023, there were 5,287 deaths due to falls among Wisconsin's 65+ population. Falls are the number one cause of injuries in older adults and are a key driver of emergency department (ED) visits, hospitalizations, and nursing home admissions. An estimated \$1 billion is spent annually on falls-related health costs in Wisconsin which includes Medicare, Medicaid, and out-of-pocket expenses. In 2022, emergency medical services (EMS) in Wisconsin responded to over 130,0000 falls. Falls related calls have major implications for EMS availability, as it can decrease their availability to respond to more urgent needs and have financial consequences on communities.

Support for the Falls Free Wisconsin Center, a falls prevention center of excellence, would help to raise awareness of the incidence and cost of older adult falls; help older adults, their families and caregivers identify and reduce falls risk; reduce the burden of falls and provide resources to emergency services and healthy systems, and deliver evidence-based prevention education and interventions across the state.

# **Key Issues for Wisconsin Aging Advocates**







### **Invest in Aging and Disability Resource Centers**

Aging and Disability Resource Centers (ADRCs) are a cornerstone of Wisconsin's support system for older adults, adults living with a disability, and their caregivers

Wisconsin's statewide network of ADRCs provide information about critical, cost-saving services and programs related to aging or living with a disability. They serve individuals, family members, friends and professionals working with related issues. The state's 54 ADRCs and 10 tribal Aging and Disability Resource Specialists (ADRSs) serve the fastest growing demographic of our state's population.<sup>1</sup>

WAAN's position: Increase funding for Aging and Disability Resource Centers (ADRCs) by \$19.9 million in the 2025-2027 biennial state budget to continue to address the funding inequities between ADRCs and begin to address the population growth in Wisconsin.

A robust and well-funded ADRC network will help Wisconsin residents navigate their unique challenges with confidence and dignity.

According to the Wisconsin Department of Health Services, nearly one-quarter of the population of Wisconsin is aged 60 or older. As these numbers increase, the contributions of ADRCs to their communities will positively affect the quality of life for even more community members.

#### Increasing funding to ADRCs will deliver substantial benefits to constituents and taxpayers

The current funding inequities lead to inconsistent service delivery and limit the ability of some ADRCs to provide essential, contractually required services.

An investment of \$19.9 million will enable every ADRC to offer reliable and comprehensive support, allowing individuals to age in place, delay entry to long-term care and improve their overall quality of life.

Investing in ADRCs yields a remarkable return on investment. In 2023, for every dollar invested in ADRC services, taxpayers saved \$3.88, demonstrating a total return on investment of 388%. <sup>2,3,4</sup>

To ensure that ADRCs can continue to provide high-quality, unbiased services, we need support for

increased funding. Together, we can strengthen our commitment to the well-being of all Wisconsin citizens.

The mission of ADRCs and Tribal ADRSs is to provide older adults and people with physical and intellectual disabilities the resources needed to live with dignity and security and achieve maximum independence and quality of life.

#### Impact of ADRCs

In 2023, ADRCs facilitated over 536,627 contacts with individuals,

families, and professionals seeking guidance and support.<sup>5</sup> Despite this significant reach, current funding levels are inadequate to sustain operations and meet the rising demand for services.

The existing funding formula does not adequately account for the changing demographics and increasing operational costs faced by ADRCs.<sup>6</sup>





Over the past 12 years, the baseline funding for ADRC services has been increased only once—by \$5.1 million in the 2023-2025 biennial budget. While this increase provided some relief, it falls short of addressing the ongoing challenges posed by an underfunded system.

Providing the funding needed to support ADRCs is an investment that benefits all of Wisconsin, one community member at a time.

#### Sources:

#### Recommended reading:

1. The Impact of ADRC and Tribal Programs in Wisconsin Status Report, 2023

This report summarizes ADRC and Tribal program services and uses a variety of data and customer stories to outline the impact that ADRCs and Tribal ADRSs made in Wisconsin in 2023. https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/ p00251.pdf

#### 2. Additional sources available online:

https://gwaar.org/api/cms/viewfile/id/2008440

### Invest in Aging and Disability **Resource Centers**







### **In-Home Direct Care Workforce** Support

#### Support Aging in Place, Preserve Independence, and Save Money

As we age, it's no surprise that a growing number of us want to remain in our homes. The research supports this trend by demonstrating that aging in place can promote higher quality of life and self-esteem.<sup>1</sup> Direct care workers, also known as Direct Care Professionals (DCPs), are entry-level healthcare workers who provide essential support to older adults and people with disabilities. They assist with daily living tasks like dressing, bathing, and eating, and may also help with meal preparation, housekeeping, and errands. Some are trained to perform basic medical tasks under supervision.<sup>2</sup>

Wisconsin has over 100,000 DCPs, including an estimated 76,000+ home health and personal care aides and nearly 27,000 certified nurse aides.<sup>3</sup>

The direct care workforce shortage is a serious problem that negatively impacts adult adults and individuals with disabilities, as well as their families and the healthcare system. It leads to a lack of essential services, increased pressure on family caregivers, and challenges for longterm care providers.<sup>4</sup>

The number of people living at home who are older and/or disabled is increasing, yet many lack the services they need to do so safely.

Family members have been stepping up to fill the care gaps left by unfilled shifts and waiting lists for services, but caregiver exhaustion and a lack of family members

WAAN's position: To support the training, recruitment and retention of direct care professionals (DCPs):

- 1. Increase the Medicaid Personal Care (MAPC) rate (currently set at \$24.52/ hour) to cover the actual cost of providing care (\$36.52/hour).
- 2. Create a state certification process for in-home caregiver training to better meet the needs of the variety of caregiving roles in the long-term care system and provide funding to support training of in-home care workers;
- 3. Support higher Medicaid rates for home and community-based services (HCBS) by providing continued funding to support the minimum fee schedule for adult HCBS services and increase the rates to provide a wage increase to \$17.25/hr.; and
- 4. Create an earned income disregard program to address the fiscal cliff for direct care professionals when applying for public benefits.

and other supporters to fill all the gaps and meet all the care needs is putting many older adults and people with disabilities at risk of hospitalization and more expensive residential care.

The direct care workforce provides in-home care for thousands of older adults and people with disabilities, including daily support to nearly 57,000 Family Care<sup>5</sup> and nearly 27,000 IRIS (Include, Respect, I Self-direct) participants.<sup>6</sup> In 2025, the Wisconsin Personal Services Association (WPSA) surveyed personal care agencies in Wisconsin.

Of the 70 responding agencies, 75% have at least one open caregiver position each week and over 25% have 5 or more open caregiver positions each week. This lack of available workers is creating alarming access issues for older people and people living with disabilities. The WPSA survey indicates 87% of responding agencies turned away a client in the past year due to a lack of workers and 41% turn away 5 or more people in need of care each month.<sup>4</sup>



# In-Home Direct Care Workforce **Support**

DCPs are challenged by low wages; limited benefits; low insurance reimbursement rates; and the high cost of childcare, transportation, and housing. DCPs play a critical role in preventing initial and rehospitalizations, managing ongoing or recurring health conditions, and making it possible to promptly discharge people from the hospital to their home or rehabilitation setting.

In-home care provider agencies report their workers who rely on public benefits for healthcare, food and/or childcare may turn down extra work hours in order to comply with the strict income eligibility thresholds.<sup>4</sup>

The wages earned for additional hours worked are often significantly less than the value of lost benefits; leaving them unable to afford insurance, groceries, and childcare. Modifications should be made to programs like BadgerCare, FoodShare, and Wisconsin Shares to allow workers to phase off public benefits.

Sources for this issue brief can be viewed at: https://gwaar.org/api/cms/viewfile/id/2008154

Find this and other WAAN issue briefs at: https://gwaar.org/issues-and-initiatives



The lack of long-term care workers providing home and community-based services leaves older adults and people with disabilities stuck in hospitals and nursing homes long after they are ready to return home.



### **Safeguard Meals on Wheels**

#### Older Wisconsinites need your help.

Wisconsin is home to over 1.5 million older adults (ages 60+).<sup>1</sup> This equates to one of every four Wisconsin residents! The Older Americans Act (OAA) home-delivered meal (HDM) program is a proven, effective way to support Wisconsinites as we age, as well as offer support to our family caregivers.

HDMs, often referred to as Meals on Wheels, are

more than food – they are a vital service that sustains lives and independence by providing nutritious food, safety checks, socialization, and connections to services. A 2023 survey revealed for nearly 70% of the 34,000 people served, this meal was their main source of food and nutrition each day.<sup>3</sup>

The program is *challenged* by:

Unprecedented Levels of Need: HDM program participation increased by 11% from 2019-2024. While the number of meals served increased by 17% during this same time.⁵

**Expiration of Covid-19 Support (both** funding and flexibilities): Wisconsin's HDM program lost roughly \$10.5 million of Covid-19 relief, accounting for over 27% of total HDM expenditures in 2023.

Federal Funding Cuts: The OAA Nutrition Program sustained an overall federal cut

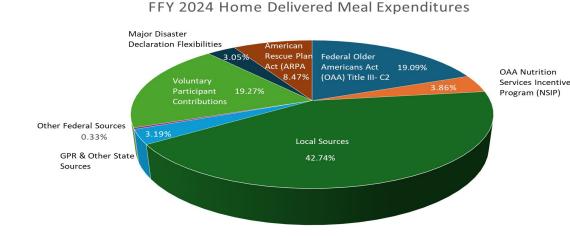
WAAN's position: Older Americans Act Home-Delivered Meals (HDM) are an economical and proven means to address isolation, hunger, and malnutrition among older people.

An increase of \$12.6 million in each year of the budget (from the current funding level of \$868,794<sup>2</sup> to \$13.5 million annually) is needed to meet the need across the state.

- More than 75% of participants are age 75 +,
- 1 of every 2 lives alone, increasing their risk of ٥ isolation and food insecurity,
- ٥ Over half face high nutritional risk, putting their health in jeopardy, and
- ٥ More than 1 in 4 struggles to make ends meet, living with incomes below the federal poverty level.<sup>4</sup>

of \$8 million in 2024. Local funding (nearly 43% of the total funding in 2024) is also at risk.<sup>6</sup>

٥







Increased Expenses Driven by Inflation and a Lack of **Resources:** The average cost to provide a meal statewide in 2023 is approximately \$12.88/meal, an 18% increase over 2018 costs.<sup>6</sup> For many counties demand for HDMs exceeds their capacity.

Most of us plan to remain living in our homes as we age. HDM services help to make our plans a reality. The services and resources received from the program play a crucial role in enabling people to live more nourished and independent lives in their homes as they age, avoiding costly long-term care (LTC) institutions or worsened health outcomes.

To ensure the most appropriate services are offered to each person, in 2024 some counties began implementing a meal prioritization process. This process is not limited to existing participants; new participants are being prioritized as well, since we don't have sufficient funding to bring on everyone who needs services. Nineteen counties indicated the meal prioritization process is necessary due to a lack of funding, insufficient numbers of volunteers or staff, and/or increased food and supply costs.

#### Seven counties currently have a waitlist for meals, while several others anticipate needing END the WAI to start a waitlist soon.<sup>8</sup>

The ability to access crucial HDM services in a timely and consistent manner is key to the program's successful intervention to support the health and independence of older adults. Yet, reaching all older Wisconsinites who need meals remains constrained by funding and capacity limitations.

We urge you to prioritize funding and support for the OAA Home Delivered Meals Program. Join us in safeguarding the well-being and dignity of older Wisconsinites by ensuring they have continued access to this essential program!

### HELP US END THE WAIT. FUND AND SUPPORT MEALS ON WHEELS.

Sources for this issue brief can be viewed at: https://gwaar.org/api/cms/viewFile/id/2008497 Find this and other WAAN issue briefs at: https://gwaar.org/issues-and-initiatives

# Safeguard Meals on Wheels

One year of home-delivered meals and the services that accompany it roughly equate to the same cost of one day in the hospital or 10 days in the nursing home.<sup>7</sup>

#### Participant quotes:

"This is the only meal I get daily since FoodShare only gives me \$13 a month."

"I can't cook anymore. Had a stroke and I get confused when cooking."

"The driver reminds me to eat & brightens my low days."

"The program helped me keep my husband out of the nursing home for all but one year of his life."



### **Reducing Falls Among Older Adults in Wisconsin**

#### Saving Lives, Preserving Independence, Reducing Costs

#### The Scope and Cost of Older Adult Falls:

Scope: Nationally, more than one in four older adults experiences a fall each year, but Wisconsin has the nation's highest rate of deadly falls among older adults.<sup>1</sup> Many assume Wisconsin's high death rate is due to the state's cold climate, but the majority of older adult falls occur in the home, and some states with similar climates have lower rates.<sup>1</sup> From 2021-2023, there were 5,287 deaths due to falls among the 65+ population in Wisconsin – nearly triple the number of people of all ages who died in motor vehicle accidents in the same period.<sup>2</sup> The age-adjusted falls death rate rose 19% over that time period, while the nationwide rate increased by 11%.<sup>2</sup> With the state's population aging, the problem is expected to grow.

#### An estimated \$1 billion is spent annually on falls-related health costs in Wisconsin which includes Medicare, Medicaid, and out-of-pocket expenses.<sup>3</sup>

Health impact and cost: Falls are a common cause of injury and disability. In 2019, 83% of hip

fracture deaths and 88% of emergency department visits and hospitalizations for hip fractures in older adults – a common cause of both long-term nursing home admissions and rehabilitation stays – were caused by falls.<sup>1</sup> In Wisconsin, the median monthly cost for a semi-private room in a nursing home \$10,068.<sup>4</sup> Likewise, falls and their related injuries have a significant physical and financial impact on family caregivers. An AARP study revealed that family caregivers spend an average of \$7,242 annually on outof-pocket costs related to caregiving.<sup>5</sup>

Strain on emergency services and health care: Fallrelated calls have major implications for emergency medical services (EMS) availability as it can decrease the availability of EMS to respond to more urgent needs and have financial consequences to communities. In 2022, EMS in Wisconsin responded to over 130,000 falls, and the number of falls that EMS responds to are increasing by nearly 10,000 a year statewide. In the same year, falls made up 185 of 911-related ambulance runs.<sup>6</sup>

**WAAN's position:** To reduce the high rate of deadly falls among older adults in Wisconsin, we request a \$450,000 annual state budget appropriation to support the Falls Free Wisconsin Center – a falls prevention center of excellence that

- 1. raises awareness of the incidence and cost of older adult falls,
- 2. helps older adults, their families and caregivers identify and reduce falls risk due to the multiple causes of falls,
- 3. reduces the burden of falls and provides resources to emergency services and health systems, and
- 4. delivers evidence-based prevention education and interventions across the state.

Many lift-assist calls are followed up by EMS responding to the same address for repeal lift-assists or emergencies. These repeat calls also strain EMS and healthcare resources and show that the individuals making the call don't have the adequate prevention resources.<sup>6</sup>





#### **Reducing Falls in Wisconsin:**

The good news is we know how to reduce falls in Wisconsin. Wisconsin's Department of Health Services (DHS) in partnership with the non-profit Wisconsin Institute for Healthy Aging (WIHA) is poised to address the falls epidemic with the Falls Free<sup>®</sup> Wisconsin initiative – a statewide effort launched in 2023 to reduce falls in Wisconsin by creating a one-stop-shop for consumers, their families, and caregivers and the professionals who support them.

The initiative engages in the following:

- caregivers better understand the risk of falls and how they can prevent them;
- Develop and maintain the infrastructure to support implementation of evidence-based fallsprevention programs and initiatives throughout the state;
- Identifying people at high falls risk: We work to encourage clinical and falls risk self- assessments and provide resources for both clinical and community-based interventions;
- Support local falls-prevention coalitions and initiatives;
- Develop and maintain an online hub of falls-prevention information and resources for consumers and community organizations (FallsFreeWI.org);
- Share data: We collect and analyze data to support partners and the public with accurate information about the scope and impact of falls and effective intervention strategies.
- Increase Accessibility of Evidence-Based Falls Prevention interventions: WIHA's evidence-based Stepping On program has been researched and proven to reduce falls by 31%.<sup>7</sup>
- We support Aging & Disability Resource Centers (ADRCs), county and tribal aging units, public health, and other local partners to develop and train program leaders and recruit participants.

In addition to Stepping On, WIHA is a clearinghouse for other evidence-based programs and practices related to chronic disease, pain, incontinence, diabetes, and other physical conditions that increase the risk of falls.

WIHA partners with Wisconsin's Aging and Disability Network, health care systems and the University of Wisconsin School of Medicine and Public Health to train local agencies statewide to reduce fallrelated injuries and deaths. However, WIHA's local partners cannot deliver proven cost-effective programs without statewide coordination and support.

Although these proven falls prevention programs save lives and reduce long-term care costs, they are cost-prohibitive for individual county or tribal Aging & Disability Resource Centers (ADRCs), Aging Units, or health care systems to implement without financial support. Local coalitions are working across Wisconsin to pull together resources and strategies to reduce falls in their communities, but they cannot succeed with their work in isolation.

Sources for this issue brief can be viewed at: https://gwaar.org/api/cms/viewfile/id/2008534 Find this and other WAAN issue briefs at: https://gwaar.org/issues-and-initiatives

# **Reducing Falls Among Older** Adults in Wisconsin

• **Raising Awareness**: Quarterly public education campaigns to help older adults, their families, and



# **Tips for Visiting Your Legislators**

#### What to do before the visit

• Look at the legislative folder(s) to verify the time and location of your legislative visits at the State Capitol. Time and location:

- Use the morning Assembly and Senate district meetings to introduce yourself to other advocates in your group and determine who will cover each portion of the legislative visit – introduction, WAAN positions/requests, personal story, additional information/follow-up (if needed), and thank you. (Note: some legislative visits may have only one advocate while others will have a large group of advocates involved).
- Identify and list the names of other advocates joining your meeting and which topic(s) you would like to discuss:

Name:	Topic(s)				
will bring the legislative leave-behind folder.					
	will kick off the meeting and coordinate introductions.				

No matter how much (or how little) time you have for your visit, remember to include the four essential components:

- 1. Who are you?
- 2. What is your issue?
- 3. Why is your issue important?
- 4. What do you want the elected official to do about it?





#### What to do during your visit

- Be on time and polite.
- Introduce yourself (identify yourself as a constituent). •
- Thank the legislator and/or staff member for the meeting.
- Address your legislator with the proper
- title Representative (Last name) or Senator (Last name).
- Stay focused.
- Present the WAAN legislative packet. Highlight the WAAN positions/requests.
- Share a personal story related to one of the WAAN priorities.
- Ask if there is any additional information or materials they require.
- Honor the time limit.

#### What to do after your visit

- concerns and mention that you look forward to seeing them act on the requests.
- the importance.

### Action and follow-up items:

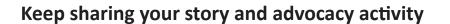
# **Tips for Visiting Your Legislators**

• Complete WAAN's Legislative Feedback form and drop it in the box in the North Hearing Room. Notify WAAN of any immediate follow-up information requested during your meeting. • Send a brief thank-you note as soon after your visit as possible. Remind your legislator of your

 Keep up the relationship! Keep track of your legislator's actions on your issues. When they sponsor a piece of legislation you agree with, send a thank you email. If you don't see them acting on the issues you discussed during your meeting, make a follow-up call or write a note reminding them of



### **Keep the Momentum Going**



Your voice matters! The more people who participate advocacy activities, the more legislators will hear about the issues important to aging advocates and older adults.

Advocacy doesn't stop with a single conversation or event. Your ongoing engagement keeps these issues at the forefront for policymakers and the public.

Here are ways you can stay involved:

- **Connect with lawmakers:** Send an email, make a call, or tag them in a social media post to remind them why these issues matter.
- **Raise awareness:** Write a letter to the editor of your local newspaper, sharing your story and why funding and resources are critical. Submit an article to local newsletters.
- Engage in advocacy events: Attend meetings, rallies, or public forums to amplify our shared message. Many of our sponsors have additional events and advocacy opportunities.
- Use social media platforms to stay in touch and connect with other local advocates

#### Follow us on social media and visit our website

WAAN main page: https://gwaar.org/waan

WAAN issue briefs: https://gwaar.org/issues-and-initiatives

WAAN on Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/WAAN.ACTION Find out what's happening with WAAN and other organizations.





### Help support future WAAN advocacy activities and events

The Wisconsin Aging Advocacy Network (WAAN) is a collaboration of organizations and individuals working with and for Wisconsin's older adults to shape public policy and improve the quality of life for older people. WAAN advocates for all older adults by educating the community and policy makers on issues impacting older adults; mobilizing people on priority issues; and advocating for change.

The Greater Wisconsin Agency on Aging Resources, Inc. (GWAAR) is the fiscal administrator for WAAN. GWAAR is a 501c3 non-profit, so any financial contributions to GWAAR on behalf of WAAN, are tax deductible. Financial donations are graciously accepted to support WAAN activities and events, such as Aging Advocacy Day, local and statewide training, and advocacy action alert distribution.

Donations made payable to GWAAR, to support WAAN, can be sent to: GWAAR. Attn: Fiscal Staff 1414 MacArthur Road. Suite A Madison, WI 53714

\*Please put "WAAN" in the memo portion of your check.

# **Keep the Momentum Going**



Working with and for Wisconsin's older adults to shape public policy and improve the quality of life for older people.

gwaar.org/waa





### Wisconsin State Senate

**Office and Phone Directory** 

SENATOR	PHONE	ROOM
(R-28) BRADLEY, Julian	6-5400	316 South
(R-19) CABRAL-GUEVARA, Rach	<b>ael</b> 6-0718	323 South
(D-3) CARPENTER, Tim	6-8535	104 South
(D-18) DASSLER-ALFHEIM, Kristi	i <b>n</b> 6-7513	106 South
(D-4) DRAKE, Dora	6-5810	126 South
(R-12) FELZKOWSKI, Mary	6-2509	220 South
/		
(R-20) FEYEN, Daniel	6-5300	306 South
(D-8) HABUSH SINYKIN, Jodi	6-5830	19 South
(D-27) HESSELBEIN, Dianne	6-6670	206 South
(R-5) HUTTON, Rob	6-2512	313 South
(R-1) JACQUE, André	6-3512	7 South
(R-13) JAGLER, John	6-5660	415 South
(R-23) JAMES, Jesse	6-7511	319 South
(D-6) JOHNSON, LaTonya	6-2500	131 South
(R-33) KAPENGA, Chris	6-9174	118 South
(D-14) KEYESKI, Sarah	6-0751	22 South
(D-7) LARSON, Chris	6-7505	18 South
(R-9) LEMAHIEU, Devin	6-2056	211 South
(R-17) MARKLEIN, Howard	6-0703	316 East
(R-11) NASS, Steve	6-2635	10 South
(D-32) PFAFF, Brad	6-5490	20 South
(R-25) QUINN, Romaine Robert		123 South
(D-16) RATCLIFF, Melissa	6-9170	5 South
(D-26) ROYS, Kelda	6-1627	130 South
(D-31) SMITH, Jeff	6-8546	109 South
(D-15) SPREITZER, Mark	6-2253	108 South
(R-10) STAFSHOLT, Rob	6-7745	15 South
(R-24) TESTIN, Patrick	6-3123	8 South
(R-29) TOMCZYK, Cory	6-2502	310 South
(D-30) WALL, Jamie	6-0484	3 South
(R-21) WANGGAARD, Van H.	6-1832	122 South
(R-2) WIMBERGER, Eric	6-5670	409 South
(D-22) WIRCH, Robert	7-8979	127 South
5		7 4 4 6

**Direct all Senate Correspondence to:** PO BOX 7882, MADISON, WI 53707-7882 Effective 4/29/2025





Note: All phone numbers are in the 608 area code and preceeded by numbers 26.

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<u>REPRESENTATIVE</u>	ROOM	PHONE	<u>REPRESENTATIVE</u>	ROOM	<b>PHONE</b>
ALLEN, Scott (R-82)	105-West	9182	MCGUIRE, Tip (D-64)	321-West	9164
ANDERSON, Clinton (D-45)	17-North	9145	MELOTIK, Paul (R-22)	308-North	9122
ANDRACA, Deb (D-23)	109-North	9123	MIRESSE, Vincent (D-71)	112-North	9171
ARMSTRONG, David (R-67)	220-North	9167	MOORE OMOKUNDE, Supreme (D-17)	6-North	9117
ARNEY, Margaret (D-18)	303-West	9118	MOSES, Clint (R-92)	12-West	9192
AUGUST, Tyler (R-31)	115-West	6-2401	MURPHY, Dave (R-56)	318-North	9156
BARE, Mike (D-80)	306-West	9180	MURSAU, Jeffrey (R-36)	113-West	9136
BEHNKE, Elijah (R-6)	219-North	9106	NEDWESKI, Amanda (R-32)	208-North	9132
BILLINGS, JIII (D-95)	118-North	9195	NEUBAUER, Greta (D-66)	201-West	9166
BORN, Mark (R-37)	308-East	9137	NEYLON, Adam (R-15)	204-North	9115
BRILL, Lindee (R-27)	409-North	9127	NOVAK, Todd (R-51)	310-North	9151
BROOKS, Robert (R-59)	216-North	9159	O'CONNOR, Jerry (R-60)	109-West	9160
BROWN, Brienne (D-43)	9-North	9143	ORTIZ-VELEZ, Sylvia (D-8)	307-West	9108
CALLAHAN, Calvin (R-35)	127-West	9135	PALMERI, Lori (D-54)	15-North	9154
CLANCY, Ryan (D-19)	21-North	9119	PENTERMAN, William (R-38)	207-North	9138
CRUZ, Angelina (D-62)	111-North	9162	PETERSEN, Kevin (R-57)	309-North	9157
DALLMAN, Alex (R-39)	320-East	9139	PHELPS, Christian (D-93)	126-North	9193
DeSANTO, Karen (D-40)	7-West	9140	PIWOWARCZYK, Jim (R-98)	412-North	9198
DeSMIDT, Ben (D-65)	18-North	9165	PRADO, Priscilla (D-9)	5-North	9109
DITTRICH, Barbara (R-99)	317-North	9199	PRONSCHINSKE, Treig (R-29)	103-West	9129
DONOVAN, Bob (R-61)	3-North	9161	RIVERA-WAGNER, Amaad (D-90)	18-West	9190
DOYLE, Steve (D-94)	124-North	9194	RODRIGUEZ, Jessie (R-21)	306-East	9121
DUCHOW, Cindi (R-97)	210-North	9197	ROE, Ann (D-44)	320-West	9144
EMERSON, Jodi (D-91)	322-West	9191	SHEEHAN, Joe (D-26)	20-North	9126
FITZGERALD, Joan (D-46)	11-West	9146	SINICKI, Christine (D-20)	114-North	9120
FRANKLIN, Benjamin (R-88)	304-North	9188	SNODGRASS, Lee (D-52)	120-North	9152
GOEBEN, Joy (R-5)	209-North	9105	SNYDER, Pat (R-85)	307-North	9185
GOODWIN, Russell (D-12)	8-North	9112	SORTWELL, Shae (R-2)	214-North	9102
GREEN, Chanz (R-74)	125-West	9174	SPAUDE, Ryan (D-89)	17-West	9189
GUNDRUM, Rick (R-58)	312-North	9158	SPIROS, John (R-86)	212-North	9186
GUSTAFSON, Nate (R-55)	316-North	9155	STEFFEN, David (R-4)	323-North	9104
HAYWOOD, Kalan (D-16)	119-North	9116	STROUD, Angela (D-73)	9-West	9173
HONG, Francesca (D-76)	122-North	9176	STUBBS, Shelia (D-78)	7-North	9178
HURD, Karen (R-69)	321-East	9169	SUBECK, Lisa (D-79)	113-North	9179
HYSELL, Andrew (D-48)	304-West	9148	SUMMERFIELD, Rob (R-68)	119-West	9168
JACOBSON, Brent (R-87)	420-North	9187	SWEARINGEN, Rob (R-34)	123-West	9134
JACOBSON, Jenna (D-50)	128-North	9150	TAYLOR, Sequanna (D-11)	16-West	9111
JOERS, Alex (D-81)	107-North	9181	TENORIO, Angelito (D-14)	11-North	9114
JOHNSON, Tara (D-96)	8-West	9196	TITTL, Paul (R-25)	218-North	9125
KAUFERT, Dean (R-53)	223-North	9153	TRANEL, Travis (R-49)	302-North	9149
KIRSCH, Karen (D-7)	15-West	9107	TUCKER, Duke (R-75)	418-North	9175
KITCHENS, Joel (R-1)	314-North	9101	TUSLER, Ron (R-3)	22-West	9103
KNODL, Dan (R-24)	221-North	9124	UDELL, Randy (D-47)	19-North	9147
KREIBICH, Rob (R-28)	107-West	9128	VANDERMEER, Nancy (R-70)	13-West	9170
KRUG, Scott (R-72)	315-North	9172	VINING, Robyn (D-13)	104 North	9113
KURTZ, Tony (R-41)	304-East	9141	VOS, Robin (R-33)	217-West	6-3387
MADISON, Darrin (D-10)	21-North	9110	WICHGERS, Chuck (R-84)	306-North	9184
MAXEY, Dave (R-83)	4-West	9183	WITTKE, Robert (R-63)	129-West	9163
MAYADEV, Renuka (D-77)	10-West	9177	ZIMMERMAN, Shannon (R-30)	324-East	9130
McCARVILLE, Maureen (D-42)	11-North	9142			

Assembly Mailing Address: PO Box 8952 (Reps A-L) or PO Box 8953 (Reps M-Z), Madison, WI 53708 E-Mail Address: Rep.(insert last name)@legis.wisconsin.gov Effective 1/6/2025

# **Wisconsin State Assembly**

#### **Office and Phone Directory**



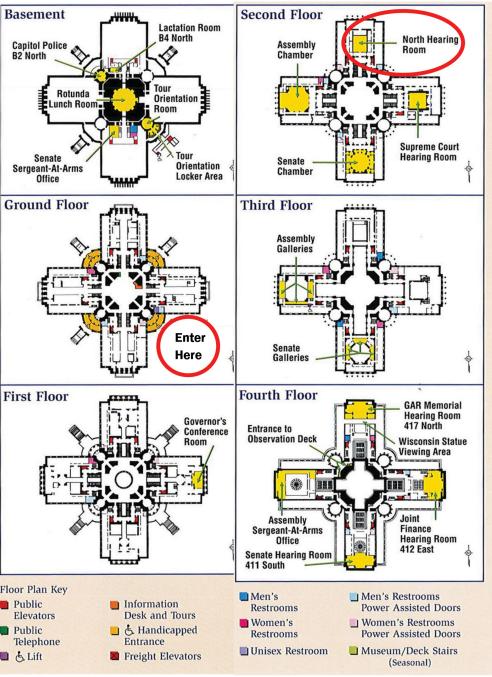
### **Notes**



### How do I get to the group photo?

Go out the front of the hotel onto S. Carroll St., then walk to your right along W. Main St. Turn left to the Capitol entrance at Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd.

Capitol



### How do I find my meeting room or legislator's office?

S. Carroll St.

Best Western

**Premier Park** 

Hotel

Identify the office number for the visit. (Example 201 N)

The letter "N, S, E, or W will tell you which hallway the office or meeting room is in: North, South, East or West. From the



center of the Capitol on the ground floor (which is the one you will enter the building on) you can find the hallway directions by looking at the white globe lights above the four main hallways – which will be marked north, south, east, and west.

The first number of the room is the floor. Examples: Room 20 S is on the ground floor, south wing. Room 113 W is on the first floor in the west wing.

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### **Capitol Map**

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# **Thank You, Sponsors!**



### **AARP Wisconsin**

Greater Wisconsin Agency on Aging Resources (GWAAR) Milwaukee County Aging Services Wauwatosa Senior Commission Wisconsin Association of Benefit Specialists (WABS)

Aging and Disability Professionals Association of Wisconsin (ADPAW) Area Agency on Aging of Dane County • TMG UAW Milwaukee Metropolitan Retiree Council • Wisconsin Association of Nutrition Directors (WAND) Wisconsin Counties Association (WCA) • WisPACT • Wisconsin Senior Corps Association (WISCA)

> Acumen Fiscal Agent ● Alzheimer's Association SE Wisconsin Chapter Village Caregiving ● Wisconsin Association of Senior Centers (WASC) Wisconsin Family and Caregiver Support Alliance (WFACSA) Wisconsin Institute for Healthy Aging (WIHA) ● Wisconsin Senior Advocates

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