# Medicare Supplements and Other Secondary Coverage

**Basic SHIP Counselor Training** 





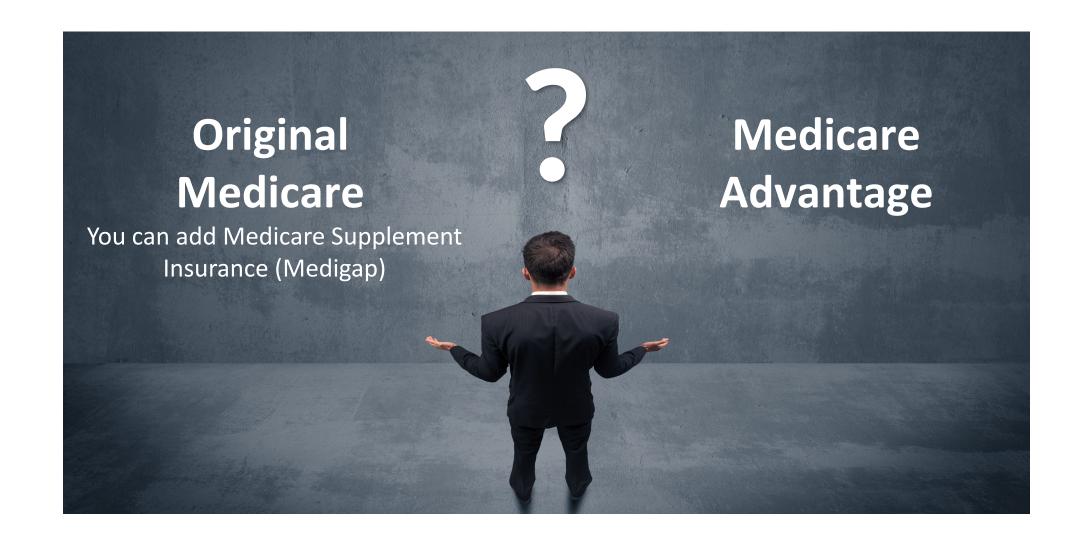
#### Acknowledgement

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# What are Medigap Policies

How they help with costs for Original Medicare Parts A and B



**NOTE:** Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare.



Medicare Supplement Insurance (Medigap) Policies



#### Medicare Supplements aka Medigap Policies

- Sold by private insurance companies
- Fills gaps in Original Medicare coverage ONLY
  - Deductibles,
  - coinsurance,
  - copayments

Note: There are no couples in Medigap





**☑** Part B



You can add:

☐ Part D



You can also add:

Supplemental coverage



This includes Medicare
Supplement Insurance
(Medigap). Or, you can use
coverage from a former
employer or union, or Medicaid.

#### Wisconsin is a 'waiver' State

- All Medigap plans in Wisconsin
  - Have the same basic core coverage/benefits
    - May have different riders
  - Premiums are different from plan to plan



#### Medigap Policies in Wisconsin

- Basic Benefits
  - Covers Part B 20% coinsurance
  - Copays for Part A,
  - Additional inpatient psychiatric days,
  - First 3 pints of blood and
  - 40 home health visits
  - Wisconsin Mandated Benefits (PI-002.pdf (wi.gov)
    - Chiropractic services,
    - 30 days non-Medicare Skilled Nursing Facility



**Note:** Policies purchased prior to 1/1/06 may still contain the diabetic mandate and the catastrophic prescription mandate if the beneficiary never enrolled into a PDP and they have not switched policies.

#### Medigap Policies in Wisconsin, continued

- Optional Riders
  - Part A Deductible (or Part A 50% Ded.)
  - Part B Deductible
  - Part B Copay/co-insurance (may reduce premiums)
  - Part B Excess Charges
  - Additional Home Health
  - Emergency Foreign Travel

**Note:** As of January 1, 2020 the Medicare Part B Deductible rider is no longer an option for people just starting Medicare. However, the rider is still available for those who are eligible for Medicare prior to 1/1/2020.

#### Check Your Knowledge

If you join a Medicare Advantage Plan, you can buy a Medigap policy to pay for out-of-pocket costs.

- a. True
- b. False

Countdown timer: Answer the question before the bar disappears!



# Types of Policies

Options for level of coverage

#### Types of Medigap Policies

- Traditional Medigap Policies
- Medicare Select Policies
- Medicare Cost Plans
- Medicare Cost-Sharing Polices
- High-Deductible Policies

**Note:** The WI Office of the Commissioner of Insurance (OCI) publishes a <u>list of policies available in Wisconsin</u>.

#### Medicare Cost Sharing Policies

 Some insurance companies offer Medicare Supplement or Medicare SELECT cost-sharing policies. These plans require a portion of the costs to be paid for Medicare-covered services until the out-of-pocket limit has been reached.

#### **High Deductible Plan**

- Some insurance companies may offer a Medicare Supplement highdeductible plan.
  - High-deductible Medicare Supplement plans offer benefits after a calendar year deductible has been paid.

#### Medigap Policies Comparison Chart

See a comparison chart of coverage and costs between different types of Medigap policies on the <u>Wisconsin SHIP Cheat Sheet Packet</u>, which can be found on the:

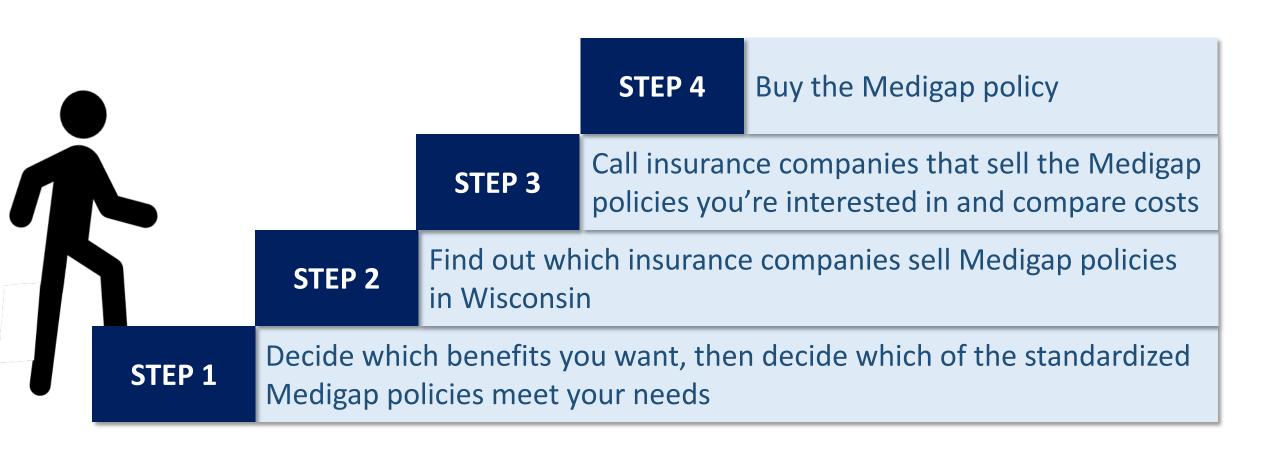
- SHIP Technical Assistance (TA) Center
- <u>GWAAR Medicare Outreach and Assistance Resources webpage</u> under Tools for Professionals



## Enrollment

When and how to buy a Medigap policy

#### Steps to Buy a Medigap Policy



#### Medigap Open Enrollment

- Begins the month turning age 65 or older AND enrolled in Part B
  - Is available to all Medicare beneficiaries.
  - No age requirement
  - Lasts 6 months from Part B effective date
  - Beneficiary has consumer protections
- Includes a second OEP at age 65 for those on Medicare due to disability.
- During the Medigap OEP, companies cannot:
  - Refuse to sell any Medigap policy they offer
    - Charge a higher premium because of a past/present health problem
- Guaranteed Issue
  - Make the beneficiary wait for coverage (cannot apply a pre-existing waiting period)
  - Eligible for preferred rates
  - Cannot be denied a Medigap policy

#### The Best Time to Buy a Medigap Policy

If under 65 and have Medicare because of a disability or
 End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), you can purchase a Medigap in Wisconsin

- A beneficiary may also buy a Medigap policy
  - Whenever a company agrees to sell one
  - May have health underwriting
  - If later, there may be restrictions unless there is a guaranteed issue right

#### Medigap and Pre Existing Conditions

- Pre-existing condition Health problem for which you were treated or diagnosed within 6 months before coverage start date
- Pre-existing condition waiting period Insurance companies can refuse to cover out-of-pocket costs for excluded condition for up to 6 months ("look-back period")
- If you had at least 6 months of continuous prior creditable coverage (with no break in coverage for more than 63 days), insurance companies can't make you wait before covering your pre-existing conditions



## Costs

Medigap cost-sharing

#### Medigap Costs

Whether you're in your Medigap Open Enrollment Period (OEP)

Your age, in some states, age-rated or under 65

Where you live (ZIP code, rural, urban, etc.)

Cost
(Monthly Premium)
Varies
Due To:

Whether it's a
Medicare SELECT
policy

Whether medical underwriting is used

Which company is providing the policy/plan

Whether the company offers discounts

### Client Considerations

How to decide whether to buy a Medigap

#### Client Considerations

- Medigap only works with Original Medicare
  - Must be enrolled in Part A and B
- Other supplemental coverage
  - Employer (may be primary or secondary depending on size and disability/age status)
  - Retiree coverage,
  - Military coverage,
  - Medicaid
- Medigap premium cost
  - Plus Riders

#### Check Your Knowledge

If you're 65 or older, your Medigap \_\_\_\_\_ begins when you enroll in Part B and it can't be changed or repeated.

- a. Initial Enrollment Period (IEP)
- b. General Enrollment Period (GEP)
- c. Open Enrollment Period (OEP)

**Countdown timer:** Answer the question before the bar disappears!

#### Medigap Scenario 1

Ted Bundy is 64. He has had Medicare for 4 years due to a disability. He currently has a Medigap policy.

What changes will occur when Ted turns 65 next year?

#### Medigap Scenario 2

Frances is 70 and healthy. She retired last month, and her employer-sponsored health coverage ended. She was enrolled in Medicare Part A and just enrolled in Medicare Part B. Her twin Francis has a medigap policy and likes it. She's interested in buying a Medigap policy like his to help her with her out-of-pocket costs.

What does Frances need to consider?

#### Request CEU/CEH

- Complete the Zoom survey following this training to request a CEU/CEH certificate
- You must attend live trainings to be eligible to receive a certificate.
  - Attendance will be verified using Zoom attendance reports
- The CEU/CEH is being provided through University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, an accredited university. The continuing education certificate may cover several professions from social workers, counselors, educators, etc. The training attendee can submit the CEH certificate to their area of practice for approval.

Please send CEU/CEH questions to Pamela Watson, MIPPA grant program coordinator, pamela.watson@dhs.wisconsin.gov

