

Volunteer Handbook for Transporting Clients

Wilshire Community Services volunteers may transport clients as a part of their service as Caring Callers volunteers, or as volunteer drivers with The Good Neighbor Program. The following handbook outlines Wilshire Community Services' transportation expectations, which are designed to provide a safe and enjoyable experience for both volunteers and clients.

Volunteer Drivers must be age **21** or over and in possession of a drivers license for a minimum of **5** years. Volunteer Drivers use their own vehicles to provide transportation services between the client's home and the requested destination(s).

In addition to their preliminary application documents, all volunteers who currently provide transportation, or may provide transportation in the future, must complete and submit the following:

- Volunteer Driver Statement of Understanding
- Driver Code of Conduct
- Medical / Physical Capacity Statement
- Volunteer Driver Handbook Read Receipt
- Vehicle Inspection
- Copy of valid California Driver's License
- Copy of current Auto Insurance
- Copy of current Proof of Vehicle Registration



Tips for Driving Clients

Transporting Personal Assistive Devices

Some Wilshire Community Services clients require the use of personal assistive devices, such as braces, canes, or walkers. Below is a list of some assistive devices that may be used by passengers.

Braces

Braces provide extra support for a weak or injured body part. Braces are typically used to support the legs, back, neck, or arms. When seating someone wearing a leg brace, allow ample room for the person to stretch out his or her legs while sitting.

Canes

A person using a cane will most likely need very little assistance. If assistance is required, however, you should aid them on the side opposite of the cane. Ask before offering assistance because the individual may be using a cane for balance. When the passenger is seated, the cane should be tucked away to avoid becoming an obstacle or a danger in the event of a sudden stop. Ask the passenger's preference before moving or storing it.

Walkers

People who require added stability for walking often use a walker. Most walkers are collapsible and can be folded up easily while the person is riding in a vehicle.

Ventilators

Ventilators assist people with breathing disabilities. A ventilator often looks like a small suitcase, and is either attached to a wheelchair or pushed in a cart. Depending on the person's needs, a ventilator may be used some or all of the time. It is especially important to remember not to rush a passenger with a breathing disability. If the ventilator's alarm goes off, it means that the person is not getting any air. Pull to the side of the road and stop. Ask if any assistance is needed. Many times the tube will just need to go back into the person's mouth. Wait until the person tells you that it is okay to continue driving.

Safety Considerations

Personal Safety

If a passenger requires assistance with carrying items to and from the vehicle the volunteer may assist them and place them inside the home. In no case is the volunteer required to lift, carry, or provide special assistance that could harm him/herself or the passenger. You are not expected or advised to lift clients or wheelchairs in and out of your vehicle. Passengers are asked to have an escort available to them if they need special assistance.

Rider Safety

It is required that all passengers wear seat belts during the operation of the vehicle. If your passenger refuses to wear a seat belt, do not transport the person unless they show a signed statement from their doctor as to a medical reason not to wear. If you feel that a passenger needs more assistance than you can provide please contact Wilshire Community Services.

Environmental Concerns: Inside Your Vehicle

Wilshire Community Services asks that you do the following to make your vehicle more comfortable for your passengers.

- 1. *Refrain from smoking.* There are several safety and health hazards associated with smoking while driving, so please refrain from smoking in your vehicle while transporting any clients. Passengers should also refrain from smoking in a volunteer's vehicle.
- 2. *Provide proper heating or cooling.* Maintain moderate temperatures in your vehicle. Let your passengers know where the warmest, coolest, and least drafty seats are located so that they may choose where to sit most comfortably. The proper maintenance of weather stripping around windows will help minimize draftiness and maximize insulation. There is also a greater need for more cooling and ventilation with a full vehicle than with an empty vehicle. Become familiar with the warmest and coolest parts of your vehicle and be sensitive to those who may require such considerations.
- 3. *Provide proper ventilation.* Good vehicle ventilation is necessary to minimize discomfort for those passengers sensitive to dust, exhaust fumes, and other irritants. As a general rule, do not keep windows open unless the passenger agrees.
- 4. *Keep your vehicle clean.* As a matter of safety, keep the interior of your vehicle clean and free of debris. Litter can pose hazards underfoot or under assistive devices.

Environmental Concerns: Outside Your Vehicle

The outside environment may pose challenges for you, your passengers, and your time schedule. No matter how late you may be running for a scheduled pick-up or drop-off, NEVER DRIVE OVER THE SPEED LIMIT OR RUSH YOUR PASSENGERS. Doing so may threaten the safety of you, your passengers, and your vehicle.

- 1. *Choose the terrain carefully.* Rough streets, potholes, and construction areas can cause passenger discomfort. Find the smoothest routes possible. Hills may make it difficult to find level areas for stopping when picking up or dropping off passengers. Whenever possible, find the most level spots for stopping.
- 2. *Dealing with multiple entrances.* Apartment complexes with multiple entrances may also cause delays. If you are confused as to a particular pick-up point, call the client to ask what they prefer. If you are unable to contact the client you may call the program staff for further information.
- 3. *Driving in bad weather.* Bad weather poses several challenges for passenger assistance. Maintaining secure footing is the most critical factor when providing assistance. Inform your passengers of slick spots and offer assistance.

Vehicle Safety

Initial Safety Check

Vehicle inspections are required of each volunteer prior to their enrollment as a volunteer driver. Volunteers may perform this inspection themselves. The initial inspection is a basic safety check of the following:

- Door handles and locks
- Seats
- Seat Belts
- Instruments and wipers
- Lights and indicators
- Window conditions
- Cleanliness
- Tire condition
- Spare tire

Any vehicle that is, or suspected to be, in an unsafe condition will not be used until all necessary repairs have been completed.

On-Going Maintenance

Wilshire Community Services staff may request periodic re-checks of volunteers' vehicles. It is the responsibility of the volunteer to maintain the following:

- Tires are undamaged, correctly pressurized, and have enough tread depth
- Correct oil, coolant and windscreen wash levels
- Working brakes
- Lights and indicators in working order
- Windscreen and windows undamaged
- Washers and wipers are working
- Mirrors are correctly positioned
- Loose loads are securely restrained
- All necessary seat belts and head restraints correctly adjusted

If in any doubt how to check any of the above, read the vehicle's handbook and/or ask someone to show you.

Emergency Procedures

Accidents

Wilshire Community Services suggests that volunteers keep a fully charged mobile phone to summon help if necessary. If a volunteer driver is involved in an accident while providing volunteer services, we ask that the volunteer first assess the situation for injury and take any necessary steps to address passenger safety first. Once it has been determined that all passengers are safe the volunteer must complete a Wilshire Community Services Accident Report form and contact the program staff immediately.

In the instance of an injury, please follow these procedures:

- 1. Use hazard warning lights and switch off your engine.
- 2. Do not move injured passengers unless they are in immediate danger of further injury.
- 3. Call the emergency services immediately; provide them with information about the situation, any special circumstances (for example, if carrying oxygen) and if any passengers have special needs.
- 4. If the emergency services are called, stay at the scene until they allow you to leave.
- 5. Obtain the names and addresses of all independent witnesses (if possible).
- 6. Ensure the vehicle is roadworthy before continuing the journey.
- 7. If there is any injury or the names of people involved are not exchanged, you must report the accident to the Police as soon as possible or in any case within 24 hours.

Breakdown

- 1. Move the vehicle off the road and switch on the hazard warning lights.
- 2. If this is not possible, move it as far away from moving traffic as you can.
- 3. On busy roads, passengers should be taken as far from the traffic as is practicable.
- 4. Keep passengers together.
- 5. Call for assistance, giving emergency responders accurate details of the vehicle's location, and whether passengers with mobility problems are present.
- 6. Call Wilshire Community Services staff to inform them of the situation.

Defensive Driving

Are You a Defensive Driver?

Never	Sometimes	Usually	Often		Alv	wa	ys	
1	2	3	4			5		
1. I follow the speed lin	nit regardless of what t	he traffic around me	is doing and how fast	1	2	3	4	5
they are going.								
2. I maintain control in	driving situations by fo	ocusing on my own dri	ving behavior and	1	2	3	4	5
emotions.								
3. I plan ahead to allow	v for traffic, weather co	nditions and construc	tion when timing my	1	2	3	4	5
daily routes.								
4. I adhere to the desig	nated driver rule when	out with friends, mal	king sure we always	1	2	3	4	5
have a sober driver.								
5. I try to cooperate wi	th other people on the	road and do not let u	ncooperative driving	1	2	3	4	5
behavior impact me.								
6. I alert the other drive	ers to my actions when	driving by communic	ating positively	1	2	3	4	5
through my directional	l signals and friendly ge	stures.						
7. I take care of my veh	nicle to ensure safe fund	ctioning by scheduling	g regular	1	2	3	4	5
maintenance.								
8. I focus when driving	on the task at hand and	d avoid any distractio	ns like talking on the	1	2	3	4	5
cell phone, eating or gr	rooming.							
9. I am relaxed, and pre	etty calm regardless of	the situation and wha	it the conditions are	1	2	3	4	5
when driving.								
10. I follow traffic signa	als and signs even when	n in a hurry because it	is the safest choice	1	2	3	4	5
to make for everyone i	nvolved.							
11. I do not drive when	n tired or drowsy and ta	ike measures to rest p	eriodically when	1	2	3	4	5
taking long trips.								
12. I wear my safety be	elt and require all passe	engers to do the same	while in my vehicle.	1	2	3	4	5
13. I drive the posted s	peed limit because it is	the safest for myself	and others on the	1	2	3	4	5
road.								
14. I use my mirrors an	d check for blind spots	before making lane c	hanges.	1	2	3	4	5
-	legal manner because il	-	-	1	2	3	4	5
			TOTAL:	-				

TOTALS

64 – 75: You are a Defensive Driver. You consider others when operating a vehicle. You consciously drive to be safe and to keep others safe.

50 – 63: You are a Safe Driver. A little more focus on safety and total control could help all drivers.

35 – 49: You are an Average Driver. You try not to let the environment or other drivers get to you, but it is not consistent. Given the right circumstances you may choose to take unnecessary driving risks.

<35: You are a Risky Driver. Your driving is placing yourself, your passengers, and other motorists at risk.

Prescription and Over-the-Counter Drugs

A person's ability to drive safely can be impaired by using prescription and over-the-counter drugs. Drugs that cause side effects such as drowsiness, slower reaction time, impaired judgment, and dizziness can affect driving skills. Legally prescribed medication and over-the-counter allergy medications can impact a driver's ability more significantly than alcohol!

Mixing certain medications with alcohol can cause a dangerous interaction effect. Combining alcohol with medication can cause drowsiness, mental confusion, and breathing problems. It can also make the medication less effective which is also dangerous.

Research indicates certain prescription and common over-the-counter drugs are a contributing factor in more traffic crashes. According to one National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) study of multi-state fatal crashes, almost one in five drivers had drugs other than alcohol in their bodies.

Common Medications that Affect Driving Abilities		
Prescription	Over-the-Counter	
 Antihistamines Anti-anxiety drugs Cough syrups containing alcohol or a narcotic Narcotic pain medications Sedatives Tranquillizers Muscle relaxants Antidepressants Blood pressure medications Anti-inflammatory drugs 	 Decongestants Cold and flu remedies containing alcohol and/or antihistamines Motion sickness medication Pain relievers Allergy medications containing antihistamines Nighttime cold remedies containing alcohol Herbal remedies (interacting with prescription and over-the-counter drugs) 	

What it Feels Like

Effects vary from mild drug effects to extreme combination drug effect. Symptoms can include alertness, anxiety, restlessness, confusion, dizziness, numbness, lightheadedness, mild euphoria, drowsiness, relaxation, nausea, headache, hostility, delirium, excitement, body tension.

What it Does

To your mind: Stimulates or depresses central nervous system, especially respiratory center.

To your body: Alters heart rate, blood pressure, and breathing, interferes with control of body movements and reflex actions

Special Characteristics: Depressant effect is intensified if antihistamines, alcohol, tranquilizers, and like drugs are combined. Nose sprays effect "nasal rebound effect" and addiction. Cold pills combined with cough syrups can double dose and increase the side effects of all drugs.



Additional Notes for Good Neighbor Program Volunteer Drivers

The Good Neighbor Program's Volunteer Driver services are designed to meet the needs of non-driving, homebound older adults and adults with disabilities in San Luis Obispo County. Many local seniors and adults with disabilities either cannot drive themselves, have trouble accessing and utilizing public transportation, and/or cannot afford private services. The program targets clients who need door-to-door assistance to access essential services and to remain healthy and active within the community.

Arranging Appointments

All Good Neighbor Program clients receive in-home assessments to determine eligibility and appropriateness for services, and are matched for services based on their level of need and our volunteer availability. Clients are asked to provide a minimum of one week advanced notice for transportation requests. The program staff will then match clients with volunteers based on region, as well as day and time. Depending on volunteers' preferences and availability, drivers may provide regular transportation services for the same client(s), or may drive different clients each time.

Volunteers are notified of all details, such as length of trip and duration of appointment, prior to accepting a ride request. The volunteer is then provided with the contact information for the client, and for the client's emergency contact person. Even after arranging the appointment we ask that our volunteers call their client the day prior to their ride to confirm time and location details. This provides reassurance for the client as well as a friendly reminder for both the client and the volunteer.

Vehicle Entry and Exit

Good Neighbor Program volunteer drivers will never be asked to transport a client who requires significant physical assistance transferring to and from a vehicle. However, getting in and out of the car and positioning oneself in the car can be difficult and painful for many clients. Allow plenty of time for the passenger to enter and exit the car, and provide gentle assistance if the client wishes. Whenever you are unsure about what the client would prefer (i.e. help getting in and out of the car, assistance between their home and the car) just ask. Be clear and considerate and respect their wishes.

Transporting Personal Assistive Devices

Some clients require the use of personal assistive devices, such as braces, canes, or walkers. Volunteers will be notified in advance if the client will be using any such device, or if the client will need to transport any such device. Good Neighbor Program volunteers do not typically provide transportation for clients using a wheelchair. However, exceptions may be made in instances such as temporary wheelchair use, or the assistance of a personal care attendant to aid in transferring the client.

Communication and Sensitivity

Positive and respectful communication can make your trip much more enjoyable for the client and for you. For many older adults, transportation represents their independence and is a vital connection for their socialization and daily activities. Making the transition to depending on others for transportation is often difficult and a source of concern and frustration, so try to remain patient and empathetic.

Boundaries and Responsibilities

Punctuality and Cancellations: Please arrive promptly to all driving appointments made with clients. Notify the client as soon as possible if you are running late or need to change the appointment time for any reason. There may be a time when you must cancel your ride commitment. Please contact the Good Neighbor Program and the client immediately so that other arrangements may be made. You may deny a passenger transportation at the time of the appointed ride if it seems that transporting them could be a danger to you or to them.

Ensuring Safe Drop-Off: Please ensure that the passenger safely enters the drop-off location before driving away. When dropping off a client at a location other than their home, please ensure that the client has arranged for return transportation.

Client Awareness: In some instances you may be the only individual who sees a particular client on a regular basis. Please be aware of changes in the client's behavior or condition and communicate any concerns to the Good Neighbor Program.

Tips and Donations: Volunteer drivers are not allowed to accept tips from clients. If a client wishes to make a donation to the agency, they may do so through the Good Neighbor Program.

Mileage Reimbursement: Volunteers are reimbursed \$25.00 per 100 miles driven. Mileage totals are calculated by staff based on the information given on monthly service logs.



Volunteer Driver Program

Rider Survey

Name of Rider:		Date:
Address:	Phone:	
Date and Time of Trip:		
Name of Driver:		

Please Answer the Following Questions	Yes	No	Comments
Were you picked up on time?			
Did you arrive at your destination on time?			
Was the ride comfortable?			
Did you feel safe in the vehicle?			
Was the driver courteous?			
When you scheduled your ride was the person on the phone courteous?			
Did the driver request you to wear a seat belt?			
Was the vehicle clean?			
Would you use this service again?			
Would you recommend this service to others?			

How can we improve our service?



Volunteer Driver Program

Accident Report

Driver name:	
Date & time of the accident:	
Location of the accident:	
If accident involved another auto, please pr Name of the driver:	ovide the following information:
License plate number:	
If accident involved one or more riders, plea	ase provide the following information:
Name of the rider:	Phone:
Name of the rider:	Phone:
Name of the rider:	Phone:
If the accident involved witnesses, please p	rovide the following information:
Name of the witness:	Phone:
	Phone:
Name of the witness:	Phone:
Please explain the accident in detail:	
Volunteer Driver Signature:	Date: